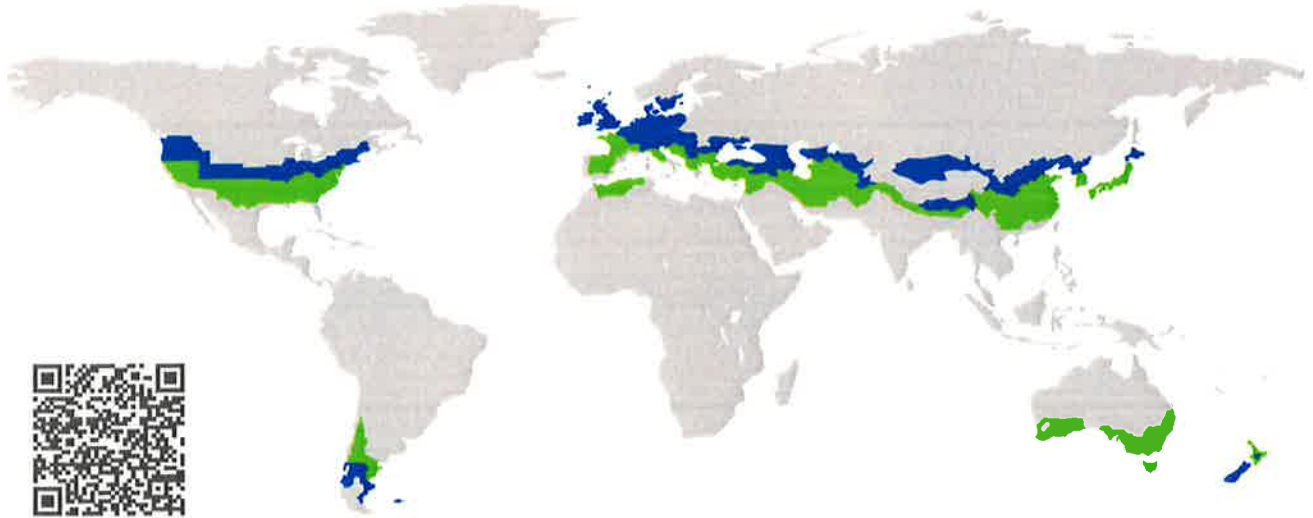


CERTIFICATE

Certified Passive House Component

Component-ID 0978wi03 valid until 31st December 2018

Passive House Institute
Dr. Wolfgang Feist
64283 Darmstadt
Germany

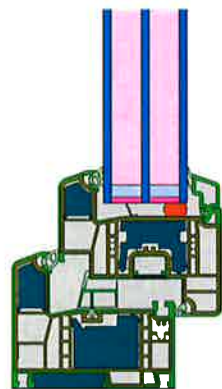


Category: **Window Frame**
Manufacturer: **REHAU Construction LLC,
Leesburg, Virginia 20176,
USA**
Product name: **GENEO Passive House**

**This certificate was awarded based on the following
criteria for the cool, temperate climate zone**

Comfort $U_W = 0.78 \leq 0.80 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$
 $U_{W, \text{installed}} \leq 0.85 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$
with $U_g = 0.70 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \text{ K})$

Hygiene $f_{Rsi=0.25} \geq 0.70$



cool, temperate climate



Passive House
efficiency class

phE

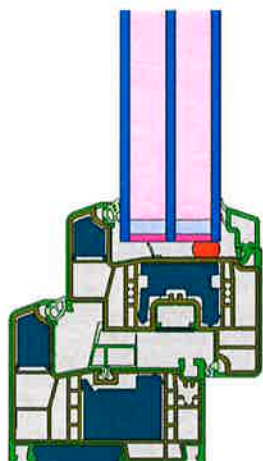
phD

phC

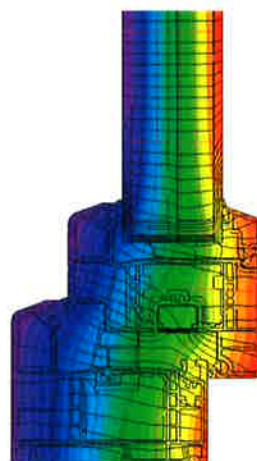
phB

phA

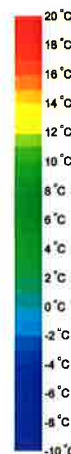
**CERTIFIED
COMPONENT**



Calculation model



Isothermal



Description

PVC frame with insulation fillings of expanded polystyrene (0.031 W/(mK))
 Pane thickness: 44 mm (4/16/4/16/4), spacer: SWISSPACER Ultimate

Explanation





The window U-values were calculated for the test window size of 1.23 m × 1.48 m with $U_g = 0.70$ W/(m² K).
 If a higher quality glazing is used, the window U-values will improve as follows:

Glazing	$U_g =$	0.70	0.64	0.58	0.53	W/(m ² K)
		↓	↓	↓	↓	
Window	$U_w =$	0.78	0.74	0.70	0.67	W/(m ² K)

Transparent building components are classified into efficiency classes depending on the heat losses through the opaque part. The frame U-Values, frame widths, thermal bridges at the glazing edge, and the glazing edge lengths are included in these heat losses. A more detailed report of the calculations performed in the context of certification is available from the manufacturer.

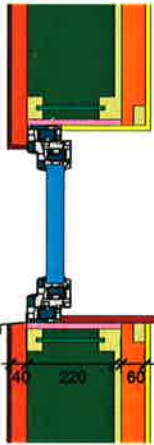
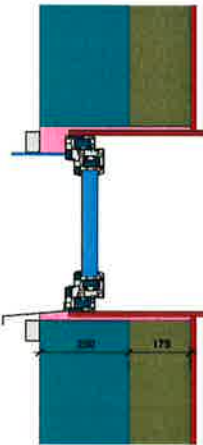
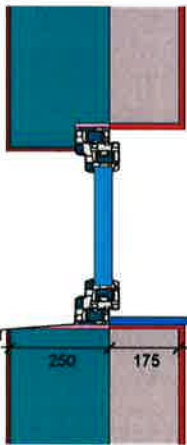
The Passive House Institute has defined international component criteria for seven climate zones. In principle, components which have been certified for climate zones with higher requirements may also be used in climates with less stringent requirements. In a particular climate zone it may make sense to use a component of a higher thermal quality which has been certified for a climate zone with more stringent requirements.

Further information relating to certification can be found on www.passivehouse.com and passipedia.org.

Frame values			Frame width b_f mm	U -value frame U_f W/(m ² K)	ψ -glass edge ψ_g W/(m K)	Temp. Factor $f_{RSI=0.25}$ [-]
Top	(to)		115	0.77	0.025	0.75
Side	(s)		115	0.77	0.025	0.75
Bottom	(bo)		115	0.77	0.025	0.75
Mullion 1 casement	(m1)		141	0.77	0.025	0.73

Spacer: SWISSPACER Ultimate Secondary seal: Polysulfide

Validated installations

Timber frame		Ventilated facade		Exterior insulation and finishing system	
$U_{Wall} = 0.13 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$		$U_{Wall} = 0.13 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$		$U_{Wall} = 0.13 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$	
					
$\Psi_{install}$	W/(m K)	$\Psi_{install}$	W/(m K)	$\Psi_{install}$	W/(m K)
Top	0.017	Top	0.011	Top	0.004
Side	0.017	Side	0.011	Side	0.004
Bottom	0.022	Bottom	0.024	Bottom	0.019
$U_{W, installed} = 0.84 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$		$U_{W, installed} = 0.83 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$		$U_{W, installed} = 0.81 \text{ W/(m}^2 \text{ K)}$	

